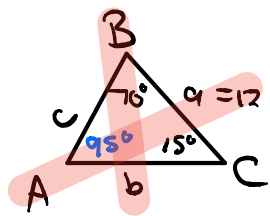


Use the law of sines or the law of cosines to answer each question. Round each angle to the nearest degree and each side to nearest tenth.

#1) In triangle ABC, $a = 12$, $m\angle B = 70^\circ$, $m\angle C = 15^\circ$. Find b .



$$\begin{aligned} m\angle A + 70^\circ + 15^\circ &= 180^\circ \\ m\angle A + 85^\circ &= 180^\circ \\ m\angle A &= 95^\circ \end{aligned}$$

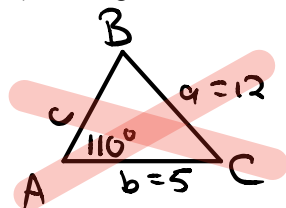
$$\frac{\sin(95^\circ)}{12} = \frac{\sin(70^\circ)}{b}$$

$$b \sin(95^\circ) = 12 \sin(70^\circ)$$

$$b = \frac{12 \sin(70^\circ)}{\sin(95^\circ)}$$

$$b \approx 11.3$$

#2) In triangle ABC, $a = 12$, $b = 5$, $m\angle A = 110^\circ$. Find $m\angle C$.



$$\frac{\sin(110^\circ)}{12} = \frac{\sin(m\angle B)}{5}$$

$$\frac{5 \sin(110^\circ)}{12} = \sin(m\angle B)$$

$$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{5 \sin(110^\circ)}{12}\right) = m\angle B$$

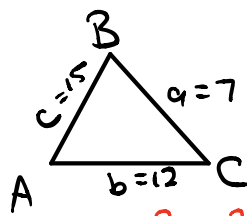
$$23^\circ \approx m\angle B$$

$$m\angle C + 23^\circ + 110^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$m\angle C + 133^\circ = 180$$

$$m\angle C = 47^\circ$$

#3) In triangle ABC, $a = 7$, $b = 12$, $c = 15$. Find $m\angle C$.



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(m\angle C)$$

$$(15)^2 = (7)^2 + (12)^2 - 2(7)(12) \cos(m\angle C)$$

$$225 = 49 + 144 - 168 \cos(m\angle C)$$

$$225 = 193 - 168 \cos(m\angle C)$$

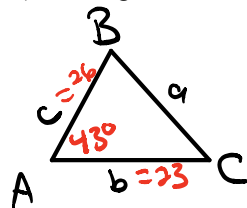
$$32 = -168 \cos(m\angle C)$$

$$\frac{-32}{168} = \cos(m\angle C)$$

$$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-32}{168}\right) = m\angle C$$

$$101^\circ \approx m\angle C$$

#4) In triangle ABC, $m\angle A = 43^\circ$, $b = 23$, $c = 26$. Find a .



$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cdot \cos(m\angle A)$$

$$a^2 = (23)^2 + (26)^2 - 2(23)(26) \cos(43^\circ)$$

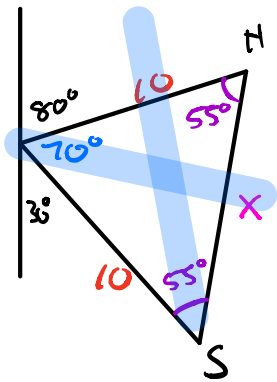
$$a^2 = 529 + 676 - 1196 \cos(43^\circ)$$

$$a^2 = 1205 - 1196 \cos(43^\circ)$$

$$a = \pm \sqrt{1205 - 1196 \cos(43^\circ)}$$

$$a \approx 18.2$$

#5) Two of George's fleas leave George's body at the same time. Both fleas, Hoppy and Springs, travel at a speed of 2 feet per hour. Hoppy hops in the direction of 80° east of north while Springs springs 30° east of south. How far apart are the two fleas after 5 hours?



$$80^\circ + 30^\circ + x = 180^\circ$$

$$110^\circ + x = 180^\circ$$

$$x = 70^\circ$$

$$D = vt$$

$$D = 2(5)$$

$$D = 10$$

$$70^\circ + 2y = 180^\circ$$

$$2y = 110^\circ$$

$$y = 55^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sin(55^\circ)}{10} = \frac{\sin(70^\circ)}{x}$$

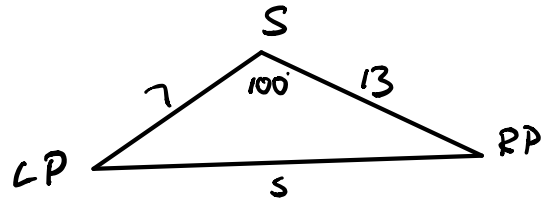
$$x \sin(55^\circ) = 10 \sin(70^\circ)$$

$$x = \frac{10 \sin(70^\circ)}{\sin(55^\circ)}$$

$$x \approx 11.5$$

Hoppy and Springs are about 11.5 feet apart.

#6) Strandy, one of George's arm pits hairs, decides to detach himself from the pit and make a run for it. While squirming across George's chest, Strandy is 7 inches from George's left armpit and 13 inches from his right armpit. The angle formed by the two armpits and Strandy is 100° . How many inches apart are George's armpits?



$$s^2 = l^2 + r^2 - 2lr \cos(m\angle S)$$

$$s^2 = (13)^2 + (7)^2 - 2(13)(7) \cos(100^\circ)$$

$$s^2 = 169 + 49 - 182 \cos(100^\circ)$$

$$s^2 = 218 - 182 \cos(100^\circ)$$

$$s = \pm \sqrt{218 - 182 \cos(100^\circ)}$$

$$s = 15.8$$

George's armpits are 15.8 inches apart.

Answers

#1) $b \approx 11.3$

#2) $m\angle C \approx 47^\circ$

#3) $m\angle C \approx 101^\circ$

#4) $a \approx 18.2$